Promoting Physical Activity in Child Care Settings

Aaron Beighle, Ph.D. and Heather Erwin, Ph.D. University of Kentucky Department of Kinesiology and Health Promotion

Our little ones





Background and Rationale

- Kentucky children are the 4th most overweight and obese in the country
- Nationally 26.2% of children 2-5 are obese
 - Kentucky's numbers are likely higher
- Troubling statistics that MUST be addressed

Physical activity (PA)

- One strategy to combat obesity
- Physical activity has many other benefits as well
 - Decreased risk for heart disease
 - Decreased musculoskeletal issues
 - Improved mental health

Terminology

Physical Activity (PA): Bodily movement that is produced by the contraction of skeletal muscle and that substantially increases energy expenditure (USDHHS, 1996)

Exercise: Leisure time physical activity conducted with the intention of developing physical fitness

Fitness: A set of attributes that people have or achieve relating to their ability to perform physical activity (USDHHS, / 1996)



Dance

Exercise

Sports

Recreation

Leisure Activities

Others

PA and children 0-5 years: Guidelines

- Guidelines have been created by the National Association for Sport and Physical Activity (NASPE)
- Created by experts in physical education, motor development, and exercise science and reflect the physical activity needs of young children during the first years of life.

Guidelines for Toddlers

- Guideline 1. At least 30 minutes of structured physical activity each day.
- Guideline 2. At least 60 minutes -- and up to several hours -- per day of unstructured physical activity and should not be sedentary for more than 60 minutes at a time, except when sleeping.
- **Guideline 3.** Toddlers should be given ample opportunities to develop movement skills that will serve as the building blocks for future motor skillfulness and physical activity.
- **Guideline 4.** Toddlers should have access to indoor and outdoor areas that meet or exceed recommended safety standards for performing large-muscle activities.
- **Guideline 5.** Those in charge of toddlers' well-being are responsible for understanding the importance of physical activity and promoting movement skills by providing opportunities for structured and unstructured physical activity and movement experiences.

Guidelines for Preschoolers

- Guideline 1. At least 60 minutes of structured physical activity each day.
- **Guideline 2.** At least 60 minutes -- and up to several hours -- of unstructured physical activity each day, and should not be sedentary for more than 60 minutes at a time, except when sleeping.
- **Guideline 3.** Preschoolers should be encouraged to develop competence in fundamental motor skills that will serve as the building blocks for future motor skillfulness and physical activity.
- **Guideline 4.** Preschoolers should have access to indoor and outdoor areas that meet or exceed recommended safety standards for performing large-muscle activities.
- **Guideline 5.** Caregivers and parents in charge of preschoolers' health and well-being are responsible for understanding the importance of physical activity and for promoting movement skills by providing opportunities for structured and unstructured physical activity.

Our purpose

- The Kentucky Department of Public Health funded via the Recovery Act: Communities Putting Prevention to Work
- Focused on increasing PA of children 2-12 years old
- One strategy is to expand PA trainings funded by the National Governors Association
- Train the trainer model

Current status

- Manual is being developed
- Trainings are being finalized
 - August 10th or 11th as a part of XXXXXXX
 held at XXXXXXX
 - October XX at XXXX

Overview of the trainings and the manual

- Lecture and activity
- Background information
- Basic management strategies
- Incorporating physical activity
- Examples of developmentally appropriate activities
 - Large space
 - Small space

Management

- Physically active children are easier to manage
- Effective management makes teaching fun
- Practice and patience
- Maximizes physical activity

Basic Principles of Management

- Establish rules
- High expectations
- Specific positive feedback
- Have a plan
- Be prepared
- Have fun!

Routines

- Freezing
- Retrieving
- Instruction
- Grouping

Friggin' physical activity

LATS MAG

Teacher Behaviors

- Smile
- Energy
- Modeling
- Movement
- Instructing

Teacher skill level is not important

Addressing misbehavior

- Privately, privately, privately
- Buy time
- Address the behavior not the child
- 1,2,3 system

- Themes
 - Music theme
 - Book theme
 - Movie theme
 - Beach party
 - Derby week
 - Olympics
 - Winter Wonderland

- Calendars
 - Can involve parents
 - Help organize activities

- Family/Home
 - Parent night
 - Events such as a dance
 - Educational information provided

- PA breaks
 - 5-10 minutes
 - May or may not complement content
 - Indoors or out
 - Simple

Types of PA

- Locomotor skills
 - Walking, running, galloping, hopping
- Nonlocomotor skills
 - Balancing, rolling, bending, twisting
- Manipulative skills
 - Throwing, kicking, striking

Sample Activities

- Large space
- Small space
- Using equipment

#